Yellowknife - Statistical Profile

POPULATION

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Population (2011)		
Total	19,888	43,675
Males	10,153	22,405
Females	9,735	21,270
0 - 4 Years	1,536	3,342
5 - 9 Years	1,375	3,082
10 - 14 Years	1,035	2,842
15 - 24 Years	3,054	7,296
25 - 44 Years	6,939	13,656
45 - 59 Years	4,411	9,115
60 Yrs. & Older	1,538	4,342
Aboriginal	4,673	22,241
Non-Aboriginal	15,215	21,434
Population Dependency Ratio (2011)		
< 15 Yrs.	0.27	0.31
60 Yrs. & Older	0.11	0.14
Historical Population		
2001	17,772	40,844
2002	18,409	41,665
2003	19,210	42,561
2004	19,622	43,301
2005	19,644	43,399
2006	19,522	43,198
2007	19,728	43,545
2008	19,919	43,681
2009	19,861	43,638
2010	19,962	43,830
2011	19,888	43,675
Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)		
Total Population	1.1	0.7
< 15 Yrs.	-1.0	-1.5
60 Yrs. & Older	8.7	5.5
Population Projections		
2015	21,090	45,281
2020	22,128	46,616
2025	22,984	47,626

HEALTH & VITAL STATS

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
% of Population that Smoke		
2009	23.6	35.2
Number of Births		
1999	256	659
2000	288	673
2001	249	613
2002	279	635
2003	305	701
2004	265	698
2005	316	712
2006	324	687
2007	324	725
2008	342	721
Teen Births		
1999	22	83
2000	27	84
2001	14	70
2002	19	72
2003	15	72
2004	16	86
2005	15	68
2006	20	73
2007	16	65
2008	16	56
Number of Deaths		
1999	44	162
2000	38	156
2001	38	163
2002	56	169
2003	60	202
2004	49	153
2005	35	148
2006	51	182
2007	44	174
2008	59	201
Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)		
1999	10	36
2000	8	31
2001	4	31
2002	8	24
2003	10	36
2004	10	23
2005	5	21
2006	8	36
2007	11	32
2008	6	29
Suicides		
1999	4	15
2000	2	7
2001	-	8
2002	4	8
2003	2	10
2004	6	11
2005	1	4
2006	3	5
2007	2	9
2008	5	10

HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
% of Households with 6 or More People		
1981	5.7	13.9
1986	4.9	11.5
1991	5.4	9.8
1996	5.1	8.6
2001	4.2	7.2
2004	4.1	7.0
2006	3.3	6.2
2009	4.3	6.7
Family Structure (2006)		
Total Family Structure	5,030	10,875
Husband-Wife	3,025	5,555
Common-law	1,215	2,990
Lone Parent	785	2,330
% Lone-Parent Families	15.6	21.4
Tenure (2009)		
Total	6,853	14,522
Owned	3,621	7,623
Rented	3,121	6,899
% Owned	52.8	52.5
% of Households in Core Need		
1996	4.7	19.7
2000	11.1	20.3
2004	9.1	16.3
2009	9.6	19.0

CRIME

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Violent Crimes		
2001	754	2,767
2002	741	3,179
2003	1,071	3,698
2004	1,212	3,857
2005	1,001	3,711
2006	960	3,527
2007	1,034	4,025
2008	950	3,839
2009	834	3,730
2010	933	3,678
Property Crimes		
2001	1,878	5,417
2002	2,246	6,397
2003	3,230	8,179
2004	3,655	9,018
2005	2,938	8,357
2006	2,822	8,292
2007	2,856	8,807
2008	3,049	8,881
2009	2,805	8,568
2010	3,170	9,769
Other Criminal Code		
2001	2,345	4,350
2002	1,548	3,934
2003	1,356	4,068
2004	2,076	5,233
2005	3,011	6,475
2006	2,513	5,695
2007	2,368	5,942
2008	2,681	6,377
2009	2,468	5,981
2010	2,581	6,857
Federal Statutes		
2001	164	432
2002	182	655
2003	191	595
2004	182	632
2005	236	742
2006	178	534
2007	264	665
2008	289	815
2009	308	827
2010	343	991
Traffic		
2001	155	459
2002	178	568
2003	202	642
2004	261	768
2005	305	884
2006	204	829
2007	201	813
2008	316	1,051
2009	249	810
2010	224	877
Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
2001	42.4	67.7
2002	40.3	76.3
2003	55.8	86.9
2004	61.8	89.1
2005	51.0	85.5
2006	49.2	81.6
2007	52.6	92.4
2008	47.7	87.8
2009	42.3	85.9
2010	46.8	84.1
Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
2001	105.7	132.6
2002	122.0	153.5
2003	168.1	192.2
2004	186.3	208.3
2005	149.6	192.6
2006	144.6	192.0
2007	145.2	202.3
2008	153.1	203.1
2009	142.3	197.2
2010	159.1	223.2

INCOME ASSISTANCE

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Beneficiaries (monthly average)		
2001	473	2,425
2002	471	2,200
2003	462	2,142
2004	495	2,058
2005	458	1,911
2006	414	1,912
2007	385	2,024
2008	368	2,067
2009	440	2,402
2010	496	2,313
Cases (monthly average)		
2001	263	1,202
2002	263	1,118
2003	259	1,111
2004	287	1,110
2005	265	1,051
2006	239	1,060
2007	224	1,121
2008	225	1,172
2009	280	1,415
2010	310	1,429
Payments ($000)		
2001	2,636	8,840
2002	2,715	8,701
2003	2,900	8,946
2004	3,355	9,270
2005	3,053	8,610
2006	2,700	8,534
2007	2,701	9,783
2008	2,944	12,048
2009	3,694	14,563
2010	4,361	15,074

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)

Hunted & Fished (%)	34.5	39.4
Trapped (%)	1.2	6.2
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	3.5	8.7
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	10.7	28.1

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language		
1984	51.5	59.1
1989	36.6	55.6
1994	33.5	50.1
1999	21.9	45.1
2004	25.3	44.0
2009	18.0	38.0

EDUCATION

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
% with High School Diploma or More		
1986	66.7	51.6
1989	78.2	59.8
1991	73.9	59.9
1994	79.0	63.2
1996	75.3	63.5
1999	80.6	66.1
2001	77.7	64.8
2004	82.1	67.5
2006	80.9	67.0
2009	83.8	69.3
Employment Rates (2009)		
Less than High School Diploma	48.1	35.4
High School Diploma or Greater	85.7	81.2

LABOUR FORCE

Participation Rate		
1986	87.4	74.5
1989	87.1	74.9
1991	87.3	78.2
1994	87.5	77.2
1996	85.4	77.2
1999	86.2	78.3
2001	85.0	77.1
2004	84.0	75.6
2006	84.2	76.5
2009	84.5	75.1
Unemployment Rate		
1986	5.1	11.2
1989	4.4	13.2
1991	5.1	11.3
1994	6.8	14.8
1996	6.4	11.7
1999	7.9	13.7
2001	5.0	9.5
2004	5.0	10.4
2006	5.7	10.4
2009	5.6	10.3
Employment Rate		
1986	83.0	66.2
1989	83.3	65.0
1991	82.9	69.3
1994	81.5	65.7
1996	80.0	68.2
1999	79.5	67.5
2001	80.8	69.8
2004	79.7	67.8
2006	79.3	68.6
2009	79.7	67.3

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Selected Employment Rates (2009)		
Males	81.1	68.1
Females	78.3	66.4
Aboriginal	69.1	49.8
Non-Aboriginal	82.6	83.1
15-24	52.6	42.0
25-34	86.5	75.5
35-44	91.3	81.9
45-54	93.7	84.3
55-64	82.8	74.6
65 & Over	30.4	17.1
Labour Force Activity (2009)		
Population 15 & Over	15,775	33,730
Employed	12,576	22,702
Unemployed	751	2,616
Not in the Labour Force	2,448	8,412
Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)		
Number of Unemployed	1,209	4,847
% Do Rotational	46.4	57.1
% Male	59.5	59.1
% Aboriginal	34.0	77.2
% Less than High School Diploma	36.1	55.9
Labour Force Profile (2006)		
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	34.7	37.3
% Goods Producing	14.8	17.2
% Other Industries	49.9	43.9
Annual Work Pattern (2008)		
% Worked	87.4	79.0
% Worked More than 26 weeks	84.3	77.5

PERSONAL INCOME

Total Income ($000)		
2000	517,636	921,079
2001	591,241	1,058,019
2002	648,997	1,148,300
2003	676,631	1,199,686
2004	700,740	1,246,589
2005	731,605	1,297,842
2006	782,559	1,384,602
2007	828,290	1,469,865
2008	867,520	1,542,755
2009	871,685	1,557,610
% Change in Total Inc. (2000-2009)	68.4	69.1

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Average Personal Income ($)		
2000	42,993	36,220
2001	45,975	39,186
2002	50,038	42,047
2003	50,345	42,572
2004	52,061	44,080
2005	54,679	46,170
2006	57,246	48,396
2007	59,589	51,072
2008	62,727	52,943
2009	62,711	52,998
Employment Income ($000)		
2000	469,148	805,159
2001	539,962	935,854
2002	594,484	1,016,653
2003	616,627	1,058,922
2004	638,154	1,101,853
2005	667,351	1,145,168
2006	700,295	1,208,376
2007	751,135	1,294,015
2008	785,580	1,356,780
2009	783,600	1,356,890
% Change in Emp. Inc. (2000-2009)	67.0	68.5
Average Employment Income ($)		
2000	42,689	36,187
2001	45,147	38,497
2002	49,172	41,428
2003	49,370	41,904
2004	51,506	43,969
2005	54,037	45,843
2006	55,579	47,856
2007	58,591	50,627
2008	61,518	52,650
2009	61,749	52,983
Percent Taxfilers Less than $15,000		
2000	24.0	32.0
2001	21.3	28.8
2002	20.0	27.6
2003	20.5	28.0
2004	19.9	27.3
2005	18.9	26.0
2006	17.6	24.9
2007	17.1	23.3
2008	16.9	23.7
2009	16.9	23.9
Percent Taxfilers More than $50,000		
2000	36.2	28.2
2001	39.3	31.4
2002	43.1	34.4
2003	43.7	35.1
2004	45.2	36.5
2005	47.4	38.3
2006	49.1	39.9
2007	52.3	42.7
2008	54.1	43.7
2009	53.9	43.6

FAMILY INCOME

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
Average Family Income		
2000	88,295	71,864
2001	97,377	80,225
2002	106,953	87,143
2003	107,534	88,244
2004	111,665	91,362
2005	117,023	96,171
2006	124,200	101,622
2007	128,473	107,252
2008	135,800	111,796
2009	134,645	112,119
Percent Families Less than $30,000		
2000	16.7	26.2
2001	12.8	20.8
2002	11.4	19.4
2003	12.5	20.3
2004	12.1	20.2
2005	12.1	19.0
2006	10.6	18.0
2007	9.5	16.6
2008	9.8	17.0
2009	10.1	16.7
Percent Families More than $75,000		
2000	55.6	41.6
2001	61.0	47.4
2002	64.9	50.4
2003	64.8	50.7
2004	66.9	52.7
2005	68.6	55.3
2006	71.3	57.1
2007	72.8	59.5
2008	74.5	60.8
2009	74.2	60.7

PRICES

	Yellowknife	Northwest Territories
2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	117.5	..
2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	100.0	..

ENVIRONMENT

Average Temperature (°C)		
January 2003	-26.0	..
January 2004	-29.4	..
January 2005	-26.4	..
January 2006	-22.0	..
January 2007	-21.4	..
July 2003	17.8	..
July 2004	17.5	..
July 2005	15.8	..
July 2006	16.7	..
July 2007	18.7	..

COMMUNITY LIVING

% Who Volunteered in 2008	39.1	37.7
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008	89.9	73.5

SYMBOLS

- zero or too small to be expressed
.. not available
x data suppressed

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, *and* the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments ($000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%)s: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment

rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income ($000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income ($): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income ($000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income ($): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than $15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than $15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than $50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than $50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income ($): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than $30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than $30,000.

Percent Families More Than $75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than $75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.